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## NOTES: Section 10.4 – Solving Quadratic Equations in Factored Form







Homework: Section 10.4 Worksheet

Notes:		
When two or more	numbers are	, each of the number is a
	of the	
A	is in	form if it is written as the
	of two or more	
Examples:		
To solve these equa	ntions, set the quadratic equati	on equal to and use the:
• Zero Produc	t Property:	

**Example #1:** Solve the equation.

1. 
$$(x-2)(x+3) = 0$$

2. 
$$x(x-2) = 0$$

**Example #2:** Solve the equation.

1. 
$$(x+5)^2 = 0$$

2. 
$$(4x-1)^2=0$$

You practice: Solve the equation.

1. 
$$(2x-1)(x+7)=0$$

2. 
$$(a-4)^2=0$$

3. 
$$(x+1)^2 = 0$$

4. 
$$(x + 4)(x + 1) = 0$$

**Example #2:** Solve the equation.

1. 
$$(2x + 1)(3x - 2)(x - 1) = 0$$

2. 
$$(y-3)^2(2y+3) = 0$$

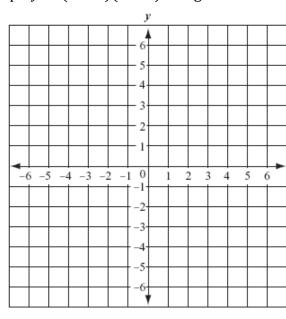
You practice: Solve the equation.

1. 
$$(x-4)(x+6)(4x+3) = 0$$

2. 
$$(2x + 1)(x - 8)^2 = 0$$

**Exploration #2:** Graph y = (x + 4)(x + 2) using a table of values.

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- 1. What are the *x*intercepts?
- 2. What is the AOS?
- 3. What do you notice about your graph?

## Notes:

We can use the following properties to graph *any* quadratic function in \_\_\_\_\_ form.

$$y = a(x - p)(x - q)$$

- The graph opens \_\_\_\_\_\_ if \_\_\_\_\_ and opens \_\_\_\_\_ if \_\_\_\_\_.
- The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_.
- The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is halfway between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

It has the equation\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_ Hour: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Example #3:** Graph y = (x + 3)(x - 1).

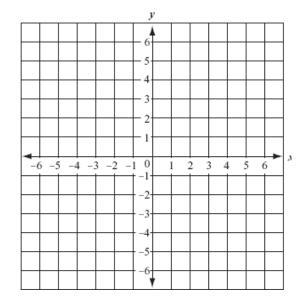
*x*-intercepts: \_\_\_\_\_

AOS: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: \_\_\_\_\_

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You practice: Graph y = (x - 1)(x - 6).

*x*-intercepts: \_\_\_\_\_

AOS: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: \_\_\_\_\_

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