

# Lesson 10.4 Worksheet

Name: KEY

Events A and B are disjoint. Find  $P(A \text{ or } B)$ .

1.)  $P(A) = 0.3, P(B) = 0.1$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.3 + 0.1 = \boxed{0.4}$$

3.)  $P(A) = \frac{1}{3}, P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{\frac{7}{12}}$$

2.)  $P(A) = 0.41, P(B) = 0.24$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.41 + 0.24 = \boxed{0.65}$$

4.)  $P(A) = \frac{2}{3}, P(B) = \frac{1}{5}$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} = \boxed{\frac{13}{15}}$$

Find the indicated probability.

5.)  $P(A) = 0.5, P(B) = 0.35$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = 0.2$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = ?$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.5 + 0.35 - 0.2$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \boxed{0.65}$$

6.)  $P(A) = 0.6, P(B) = 0.2$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = ?$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.7$$

$$0.7 = 0.6 + 0.2 - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = \boxed{0.1}$$

7.)  $P(A) = \frac{2}{7}, P(B) = \frac{4}{7}$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = ?$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \boxed{\frac{5}{7}}$$

8.)  $P(A) = \frac{6}{11}, P(B) = \frac{3}{11}$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = ?$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = \frac{7}{11}$$

$$\frac{7}{11} = \frac{6}{11} + \frac{3}{11} - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = \boxed{\frac{2}{11}}$$

Find  $P(\bar{A})$ .

9.)  $P(A) = 0.5$

$$P(\bar{A}) = 1 - 0.5$$

$$P(\bar{A}) = \boxed{0.5}$$

10.)  $P(A) = 0$

$$P(\bar{A}) = 1 - 0$$

$$P(\bar{A}) = \boxed{1}$$

11.)  $P(A) = \frac{5}{8}$

$$P(\bar{A}) = 1 - \frac{5}{8}$$

$$P(\bar{A}) = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

A card is randomly drawn from a standard deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of drawing the given card. Express your probabilities as simplified fractions.

12.) A king *and* a diamond

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{52}}$$

13.) A king *or* a diamond

$$P(K \text{ or } \spadesuit) = \frac{4}{52} + \frac{13}{52} - \frac{1}{52} = \boxed{\frac{4}{13}}$$

14.) A spade *or* a club

$$P(\spadesuit \text{ or } \clubsuit) = \frac{13}{52} + \frac{13}{52} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

15.) A 4 *or* a 5

$$P(4 \text{ or } 5) = \frac{4}{52} + \frac{4}{52} = \boxed{\frac{2}{13}}$$

16.) A 6 *and* a face card

$$\boxed{0}$$

17.) Not a heart

$$P(\bar{\heartsuit}) = 1 - P(\heartsuit)$$

$$P(\bar{\heartsuit}) = 1 - \frac{13}{52} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$$

Find the indicated probability. State whether  $A$  and  $B$  are disjoint or overlapping events.

18.)  $P(A) = 0.25$

$P(B) = 0.4$

$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.5$

$P(A \text{ and } B) = ?$

$0.5 = 0.25 + 0.4 - P(A \cap B)$

$P(A \cap B) = 0.15$

overlapping

20.)  $P(A) = \frac{8}{15}$

$P(B) = ?$

$P(A \text{ or } B) = \frac{3}{5}$

$P(A \text{ and } B) = \frac{2}{15}$

$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{8}{15} + P(B) - \frac{2}{15}$

$P(B) = \frac{1}{5}$  overlapping

19.)  $P(A) = ?$

$P(B) = 0.38$

$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.65$

$P(A \text{ and } B) = 0$

disjoint

$0.65 = P(A) + 0.38$

$P(A) = 0.27$

21.)  $P(A) = 16\%$

$P(B) = ?$

$P(A \text{ or } B) = 32\%$

$P(A \text{ and } B) = 8\%$

$32\% = 16\% + P(B) - 8\%$

$P(B) = 24\%$  overlapping

Two six-sided dice are rolled. Find the probability of the given event.

22.) The sum is 3 or 4.

$\frac{2}{36} + \frac{3}{36} = \frac{5}{36}$

23.) The sum is not 7.

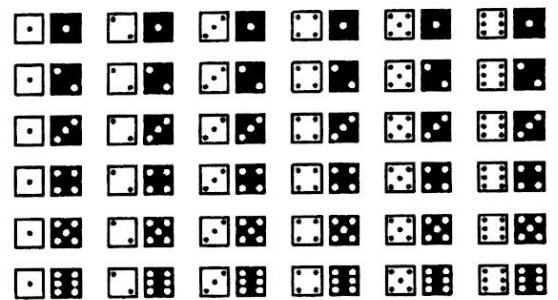
$P(\bar{S}7) = 1 - P(S7)$   
 $= 1 - \frac{6}{36} = \frac{5}{6}$

24.) The sum is greater than or equal to 5.

$P(S \geq 5) = 1 - P(S < 5)$   
 $= 1 - \frac{6}{36} = \frac{5}{6}$

25.) The sum is less than 8 or greater than 11.

$P(S < 8 \text{ or } S > 11) = \frac{21}{36} + \frac{1}{36} = \frac{11}{18}$



26.) Of the 120 students honored at an academic banquet, 40% won awards for mathematics and 55% won for English. Fourteen of these students won awards for both mathematics and English. One of the 120 students is chosen at random to be interviewed for a newspaper article. What is the probability that the student won an award in mathematics or English?

$P(M \text{ or } E) = \frac{48}{120} + \frac{66}{120} - \frac{14}{120} = \frac{5}{6}$

$P(M) + P(E) - P(M \cap E)$

27.) The organizer of a cast party for a drama club asks each of 6 cast members to bring one item from a list of 10 items. What is the probability that at least 2 of the 6 members bring the same item?

$P(\text{at least 2}) = 1 - P(\text{all different})$   
 $= 1 - \frac{10 P_6}{10^6} \approx 0.8488$