## NOTES: Section 9.3 - Simplifying Radicals

Goals: #1 - I can simplify radical expressions.







Homework: Section 9.3 Worksheet

**Warm Up:** Solve the equation or write *no real solution*. Write the solutions as integers, if possible. Otherwise, write them as radical expressions.

1. 
$$m^{2} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{M^{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1}$$

$$\sqrt{M^{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1}$$

2. 
$$3x^{2} - 75 = 0$$
  
 $+75$   $+75$   
 $3x^{2} = 75$   
 $3x^{2} = 75$   
 $x^{2} = 25$   
 $\sqrt{x^{2}} = 25$   
 $\sqrt{x^{2}} = 25$   
 $x = 25$ 

3. 
$$-12 + 5x^{2} = 8$$
  
 $+12$ 
 $+12$ 
 $5x^{2} = 20$ 
 $5$ 
 $x^{2} = 4$ 
 $\sqrt{x^{2}} = 4$ 
 $\sqrt{x^{2}} = 4$ 

Exploration #1: Work with a partner and answer the following questions.

1. Use your calcualtor to evaluate the following expressions.

a. 
$$\sqrt{50} =$$

b. 
$$\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{10} = 7.07$$
  
2.24 · 3.10

c. 
$$\sqrt{100} = 10$$

d. 
$$\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{10} = 10$$
  
3.16 · 3.10

2. What do you notice?

They are the same

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Notes:

• Product Property of Radicals
$$\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b}$$

We use this property to SIMPLIFY radical <u>EXPRESSIONS</u>

Example #1: Simplify the expression.

$$\begin{array}{c}
1. \sqrt{12} \\
\sqrt{4 \cdot \sqrt{3}} \\
\boxed{2 \sqrt{3}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
2. \sqrt{75} \\
\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\
\boxed{5 \sqrt{3}}
\end{array}$$

You practice: Simplify the expression.

$$\begin{array}{c}
2. \sqrt{132} \\
\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{33} \\
\boxed{2 \sqrt{33}}
\end{array}$$

$$3. \sqrt{63}$$

$$\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{7}$$

$$3. \sqrt{7}$$

Notes:

• Supplient Property of Radicals
$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$$

We use this property to Simplify radical expressions.

Example #2: Simplify the expression.

1. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}}$$

2. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{32}{50}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1b}{25}}$$

3. 
$$5\sqrt{\frac{1}{25}}$$

$$5 \cdot \frac{1}{5}$$

You practice: Simplify the expression.

1. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{49}{36}}$$

2. 
$$3\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$3 \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

3. 
$$-\sqrt{\frac{80}{45}}$$

$$-\sqrt{\frac{16}{9}}$$

Notes:

When we get a radical symbol in our denominator. we need to Yationalite the alnominator

Example #3: Simplify the expression.

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline
375 \\
5
\end{array}$$

3. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{5}{12}}$$

You practice: Simplify the expression.

1. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$$
 $\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$  .  $\sqrt{\frac{5}{5}}$ 

2. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

3. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{16}{10}}$$
 $\sqrt{10}$ 
 $\sqrt{10}$ 
 $\sqrt{10}$ 
 $\sqrt{10}$ 
 $\sqrt{10}$ 
 $\sqrt{20}$ 
 $\sqrt{10}$ 

Review/more practice: Simplify the expression.

4. 
$$\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{63}$$

2. 
$$-\sqrt{\frac{25}{16}}$$

3. 
$$-4\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}}$$

$$-4\sqrt{10}$$
 $10$ 
 $-2\sqrt{10}$ 
 $5$