

## NOTES: Section 7.2 – Solving Linear Systems by Substitution

Goals: #1 - I can solve a linear system algebraically using the substitution method and then check my solution algebraically.



Homework: Section 7.2 Worksheet

Warm Up: Solve the linear system by graphing. Then check your solution algebraically.

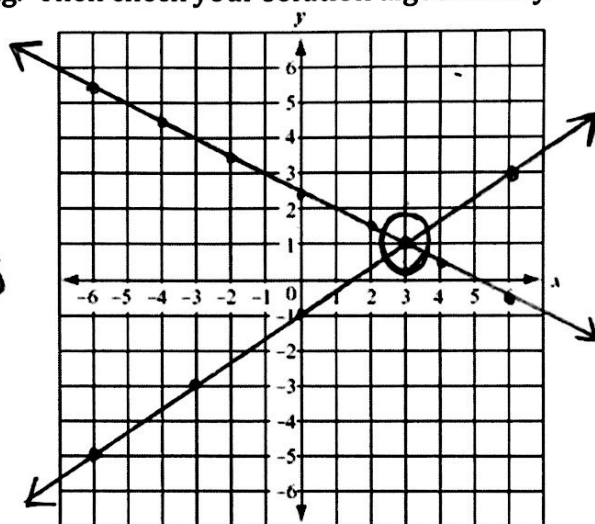
(3, 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 3(3) + 6(1) &\stackrel{?}{=} 15 \\
 9 + 6 &\stackrel{?}{=} 15 \\
 15 &= 15 \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3x + 6y &= 15 \\
 -3x &\quad -3x \\
 \hline
 6y &= -3x + 15 \\
 \frac{6y}{6} &= \frac{-3x}{6} + \frac{15}{6} \\
 y &= -\frac{1}{2}x + 2.5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -2(3) + 3(1) &\stackrel{?}{=} -3 \\
 -6 + 3 &\stackrel{?}{=} -3 \\
 -3 &= -3 \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -2x + 3y &= -3 \\
 +2x &\quad +2x \\
 \hline
 3y &= \frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3}{3} \\
 \frac{3y}{3} &= \frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3}{3} \\
 y &= \frac{2}{3}x - 1
 \end{aligned}$$



Notes:

There are several ways to solve a linear system WITHOUT using graphs.

One algebraic method is called substitution.

1. Step 1: solve one of the equations for one of its variables.
2. Step 2: substitute the equation from step 1 into the other equation & solve for the other variable.
3. Step 3: substitute the value from step 2 into the equation from step 1 and solve.
4. Step 4: check the solution in both original equations.

Example #1: Solve the linear system using substitution.

1.  $-x + y = 1$  ①

$2x + y = -2$  ②

2.  $2x + 2y = 3$  ①

$x - 4y = -1$  ②

Step #1: Solve for a variable.

$$\begin{array}{r} -x + y = 1 \text{ ①} \\ +x \quad +x \end{array}$$

$y = 1 + x$

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 4y = -1 \text{ ②} \\ +4y \quad +4y \end{array}$$

$x = -1 + 4y$

Step #2: Substitute into other equation & solve.

$2x + y = -2$  ②

$2x + (1 + x) = -2$

$2x + 1 + x = -2$

$3x + 1 = -2$

$3x = -3$

$x = -1$

$2x + 2y = 3$  ①

$2(-1 + 4y) + 2y = 3$

$-2 + 8y + 2y = 3$

$-2 + 10y = 3$

$10y = 5$

$y = \frac{1}{2}$

Step #3: Substitute into step #1 equation & solve.

$y = 1 + x$

$y = 1 + (-1)$

$y = 0$

$x = -1 + 4y$

$x = -1 + 4(\frac{1}{2})$

$x = -1 + 2$

$x = 1$

Step #4: Check your answer.

$(-1, 0)$

①  $-(-1) + (0) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$

$1 + 0 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$

$1 = 1 \checkmark$

②  $2(-1) + (0) \stackrel{?}{=} -2$

$-2 + 0 \stackrel{?}{=} -2$

$-2 = -2 \checkmark$

$(1, \frac{1}{2})$

①  $2(1) + 2(\frac{1}{2}) \stackrel{?}{=} 3$

$2 + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 3$

$3 = 3 \checkmark$

②  $(1) - 4(\frac{1}{2}) \stackrel{?}{=} -1$

$1 - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1$

$-1 = -1 \checkmark$

You practice: Solve the linear system by graphing. Check your solution.

1.  $2x + y = 4$  (1)  
 $-x + y = 1$  (2)

2.  $3x + y = 3$  (1)  
 $7x + 2y = 1$  (2)

Step #1: Solve for a variable.

$$\begin{array}{r} -x + y = 1 \text{ (2)} \\ +x \quad +x \end{array}$$

$$y = 1 + x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + y = 3 \text{ (1)} \\ -3x \quad -3x \end{array}$$

$$y = 3 - 3x$$

Step #2: substitute into other equation & solve.

$$2x + y = 4 \text{ (1)}$$

$$2x + (1 + x) = 4$$

$$2x + 1 + x = 4$$

$$3x + 1 = 4$$

$$3x = 3$$

$$x = 1$$

$$7x + 2y = 1 \text{ (2)}$$

$$7x + 2(3 - 3x) = 1$$

$$7x + 6 - 6x = 1$$

$$x + 6 = 1$$

$$x = -5$$

Step #3: substitute into step #1 equation & solve.

$$y = 1 + x$$

$$y = 1 + (1)$$

$$y = 1 + 1$$

$$y = 2$$

$$y = 3 - 3x$$

$$y = 3 - 3(-5)$$

$$y = 3 + 15$$

$$y = 18$$

Step #4: check your answer.

$$(1, 2) \text{ (1)}$$

$$\textcircled{1} 2(1) + (2) \stackrel{?}{=} 4$$

$$2 + 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 4$$

$$4 = 4 \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{2} -(1) + (2) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$-1 + 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$1 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$(-5, 18) \text{ (1)}$$

$$\textcircled{1} 3(-5) + (18) \stackrel{?}{=} 3$$

$$-15 + 18 \stackrel{?}{=} 3$$

$$3 = 3 \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{2} 7(-5) + 2(18) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$-35 + 36 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$1 = 1 \checkmark$$

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Hour: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Example #2:** In one day the National Civil Rights Museum in Memphis, Tennessee, admitted 321 adults and children and collected \$1590. The price of admission is \$6 for an adult and \$4 for a child. How many adults and how many children were admitted to the museum that day?

a. Write a system of linear equations  
Let  $x$  = # of adults admitted  
Let  $y$  = # of children admitted

$$x + y = 321 \quad (1)$$

$$6x + 4y = 1590 \quad (2)$$

Step 1:

$$x + y = 321 \quad (1)$$

$$-y \quad -y$$

$$x = 321 - y$$

Step 2:

$$6x + 4y = 1590 \quad (2)$$

$$6(321 - y) + 4y = 1590$$

$$1926 - 6y + 4y = 1590$$

$$1926 - 2y = 1590$$

$$-2y = -336$$

$$\boxed{y = 168}$$

Step 3:

$$x = 321 - y$$

$$x = 321 - 168$$

$$\boxed{x = 153}$$

Step 4:

$$(1) \quad (153) + (168) \stackrel{?}{=} 321$$

$$321 = 321 \checkmark$$

$$(2) \quad 6(153) + 4(168) \stackrel{?}{=} 1590$$

$$918 + 672 \stackrel{?}{=} 1590$$

$$1590 = 1590 \checkmark$$