

## Lesson 5.2 Worksheet

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Decide whether the function is a polynomial function. If so, write it in standard form and state its degree, type, and leading coefficient.

1.)  $f(x) = 8 - x^2$

2.)  $h(x) = x^3\sqrt{10} + 5x^{-2} + 1$

3.)  $g(x) = 8x^3 - 4x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$

4.)  $g(x) = \pi x^4 + \sqrt{6}$

Use direct substitution to evaluate the polynomial function for the given value of  $x$ .

5.)  $f(x) = 8x + 5x^4 - 3x^2 - x^3; \quad x = 2$

6.)  $g(x) = 4x^3 - 2x^5; \quad x = -3$

7.)  $h(x) = 6x^3 - 25x + 20; \quad x = 5$

8.)  $g(x) = 4x^5 + 6x^3 + x^2 - 10x + 5; \quad x = -2$

Use synthetic substitution to evaluate the polynomial function for the given value of  $x$ .

9.)  $f(x) = 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 8x + 16; \quad x = 3$

10.)  $f(x) = 8x^4 + 12x^3 + 6x^2 - 5x + 9; \quad x = -2$

11.)  $h(x) = -8x^3 + 14x - 35$ ;  $x = 4$

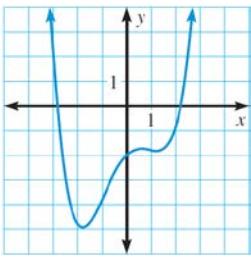
12.)  $f(x) = -2x^4 + 3x^3 - 8x + 13$ ;  $x = 2$

13.)  $h(x) = -7x^3 + 11x^2 + 4x$ ;  $x = 3$

14.)  $g(x) = 6x^5 + 10x^3 - 27$ ;  $x = -3$

**Describe the degree (even or odd) and leading coefficient (positive or negative) of the polynomial function whose graph is shown.**

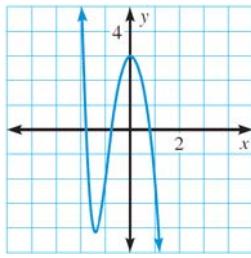
15.)



degree: \_\_\_\_\_

leading coefficient: \_\_\_\_\_

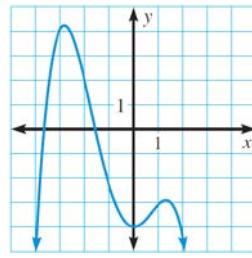
16.)



degree: \_\_\_\_\_

leading coefficient: \_\_\_\_\_

17.)



degree: \_\_\_\_\_

leading coefficient: \_\_\_\_\_

**Describe the end behavior of the graph of the polynomial function by completing the statements. (Hint: Sketch a general picture of the graph to help).**

18.)  $f(x) = 0.2x^3 - x + 45$

19.)  $f(x) = -x^6 + 4x^3 - 3x$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$

20.)  $f(x) = 10x^4$

21.)  $f(x) = -6x^5 + 14x^2 + 20$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$